

Greater Vernon Water (GVW) Water Quality Report for March 2021

The following is the water quality summary for the Greater Vernon Water (GVW) utility.

1. Sources

GVW has two sources that are used for potable water. The two sources are Duteau Creek and Kalamalka Lake. Raw (untreated) water samples are taken at the intakes of Duteau Creek and Kalamalka Lake once a week. Tables 1 and 2 summarize the results for bacteria and turbidity.

Table 1 Duteau Creek Intake – Headgates

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Мах | Average |
|---------------------|---|------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|---------|
| E.coli ² | Caro | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 114 | 38.4 |
| E.coli ² | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 56 | 22.4 |
| Total Coliform | Caro | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | 24 | 155 | 71 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | 23.8 | 73.8 | 42.54 |
| Turbidity | GVW Grab Sample | NTU | 5 | | 0.94 | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| Turbidity | SCADA ¹ Hourly Average | NTU | 31 Days | | 0.76 | 1.11 | 0.91 |

¹SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition.

²Drinking Water Treatment Objectives_BC (Sec 4.3): The number of raw water samples should not exceed 20/100 mL in at least 90% of the weekly samples from the previous six months.

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Мах | Average |
|------------------------|---|------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|---------|
| E.coli ³ | Caro | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| E.coli ³ | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Total Coliform | Caro | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 8 | 2.6 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | 5.3 | 2.1 |
| Turbidity ² | GVW Grab Sample | NTU | 5 | | 0.46 | 0.67 | 0.60 |
| Turbidity ² | SCADA ¹ Hourly Average | NTU | 31 Days | | 0.35 | 1.27 | 0.56 |

Table 2 North Kalamalka Intake

¹SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition.

²Operation Guideline: As outlined in Deviation Response Plan, turbidity < 3 NTU.

³Drinking Water Treatment Objectives_BC (Sec 4.3): The number of raw water samples should not exceed 20/100 mL in at least 90% of the weekly samples from the previous six months.

2. Agriculture/ Irrigation Sources

The Agriculture irrigation supply is scheduled to be turned on April 13, 2021. The sources used for irrigation supply include Duteau Creek, King Edward/Deer Creek, Goose Lake, and Well #2 located on Coldstream Ranch. Table 3 summarizes the daily flows for each irrigation system.

The majority of the Duteau Creek water (approx. 85%) is treated but the other sources are separated from the potable system and are not chlorinated.

Irrigation water used before April 13 mainly comes from Ranch Wells #2 and Ranch Well #3 along with King Edward. This water is mainly used for livestock watering.

| Irrigation Sources | DCWTP | Well 3 | Well 2 | King Edward |
|--------------------|-------|--------|--------|-------------|
| Min (ML/Day) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Max (ML/Day) | 0.00 | 0.22 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| Average (ML/Day) | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Monthly Total (ML) | 0.01 | 1.05 | 0.11 | 0.10 |

3. Treatment Plants

GVW has two treatment plants: Duteau Creek Water Treatment Plant (DCWTP) and Mission Hill Water Treatment Plant (MHWTP). At the DCWTP water is first treated with a coagulant and mixed to create a floc, next clarification is achieved by Dissolved Air Floatation (DAF). Chlorine is added after treatment to ensure contact time for the removal of viruses, followed by Ultraviolet (UV) disinfection, and finally chlorine is added before entering the distribution system for residual. MHWTP uses a dual disinfection process of UV and chlorine.

Tables 4 and 6 summarize results for chlorine, bacterial, turbidity, UV Transmittance (UVT) and UV Dosage (UVD). Table 5 summarizes the log removal of viruses at the DCWTP.

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Max | Average |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Free Chlorine ² | SCADA ¹ Daily Average | mg/L | 31 Days | | 1.89 | 1.91 | 1.90 |
| E.coli | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| E.coli | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 6 | | А | А | А |
| Total Coliform | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 6 | | А | А | А |
| Turbidity ² | SCADA ¹ Daily Average | NTU | 31 Days | | 0.33 | 0.45 | 0.38 |
| UVT (unfiltered) | GVW | % | 14 | | 87.5 | 90.1 | 88.4 |
| Pre UVT ³ | SCADA ¹ | % | 31 Days | | 85.76 | 88.33 | 87.18 |

Table 4 Duteau Creek Water Treatment Plant Reservoir

¹SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition.

 $^2\mbox{GVW}$ WQ Deviation Response Plan – Free Chlorine >0.20 mg/L Turbidity < 1.0 NTU.

³UVT is monitored pre-UV treatment which is used to determine UV dosage.

This month, 0 m³ off-spec water occurred at DCWTP.

Table 5 DCWTP – Log Removal of Viruses

| Parameter | Days | Min | Max | Average |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|
| | Monitored | (log) | (log) | (log) |
| Log Removal of Viruses ¹ | 31 | 13.81 | 40.99 | 27.81 |

¹4-log virus removal logged by the minute on SCADA.

Table 6 Mission Hill Water Treatment Plant

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Мах | Average |
|---|--|------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Free Chlorine (483 Pressure Zone) | SCADA ¹ Daily Average | mg/L | 31 Days | | 2.10 | 2.32 | 2.29 |
| Free Chlorine (550 Pressure Zone) | SCADA ¹ Daily Average | mg/L | 31 Days | | 2.08 | 2.39 | 2.22 |
| E.coli | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| E.coli | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 6 | | А | А | A |
| Total Coliform | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 5 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 6 | | А | A | А |
| Turbidity ² | SCADA ¹ Daily Average | NTU | 31 Days | | 0.31 | 1.05 | 0.48 |
| Pre UVT | SCADA ¹ | % | 31 Days | | 90.92 | 91.60 | 91.38 |

¹SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition.

²GVW WQ Deviation Response Plan – Free Chlorine >0.20 mg/L Turbidity < 3.0 NTU.

This month, 0 m³ off-spec water occurred at MHWTP.

4. Distribution

GVW has two distribution systems that interconnect: Duteau System supplied by Duteau Creek and Kalamalka System supplied by Kalamalka Lake. GVW has approximately 22,350 service connections.

Table 7 summarizes the daily flow for each distribution system. The Duteau and Kalamalka systems have many locations where they can be interconnected. This means there are areas where there is a blend of water quality and can be identified by the conductivity of the water.

| Distribution Systems | DCWTP | МНѠТР | |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--|
| Min (ML/Day) | 6.50 | 9.21 | |
| Max (ML/Day) | 11.20 | 16.86 | |
| Average (ML/Day) | 8.11 | 12.11 | |
| Monthly Total (ML) | 251.40 | 375.36 | |

Table 7 Monthly Usage for GVW Distribution Systems

The GVW distribution system contains six sampling sites (Table 8) that frequently have free chlorine < 0.2 mg/L due to the sample sites being located at the end of the distribution line (Tables 9 and 10). Measures are currently in place to mitigate this issue including regular monitoring and flushing. The three sites at Boss Creek represent a localized area.

Table 8 Low Chlorine Sites and Mitigation Measures

| Frequent Low Free Chlorine Sites | Mitigation Measures |
|--|--|
| O'Keefe Ranch SS | On a localized Water Quality Advisory, regular monitoring and flushing |
| 9007 Aberdeen Rd SS | Regular monitoring and flushing |
| Noble Canyon B/O | Regular monitoring and flushing |
| Boss Creek PH 1 (Lower) Return/Inlet | Regular monitoring |
| Boss Creek PH 2 (Upper) Discharge/Outlet | Regular monitoring |
| Boss Creek PH 2 (Upper) return/inlet | Regular monitoring |

Tables 9 and 10 summarize results for chorine, bacterial, and turbidity for each distribution system. These systems are monitored by handheld instruments weekly

Table 9 Duteau Distribution

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Max | Average |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|---------|
| Free Chlorine ¹ | GVW grab sample | mg/L | 63 | | 0.20 | 1.79 | 1.01 |
| Total Chlorine | GVW grab sample | mg/L | 63 | | 0.32 | 1.99 | 1.18 |
| E.coli | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 17 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| E.coli | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 21 | | А | А | А |
| Total Coliform | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 17 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 21 | | А | А | А |
| Turbidity ¹ | GVW grab sample | NTU | 63 | | 0.13 | 1.37 | 0.55 |

¹Operation Guidelines: Free Chlorine >0.20 mg/L or <2.20 mg/L, Turbidity < 1 NTU.

Table 10 Kalamalka Distribution

| Parameter | Laboratory | | # of Samples | # of Deviations | Min | Max | Average |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|---------|
| Free Chlorine ¹ | GVW grab sample | mg/L | 99 | | 0.40 | 2.02 | 1.42 |
| Total Chlorine | GVW grab sample | mg/L | 99 | | 0.62 | 2.20 | 1.67 |
| E.coli | Caro | CFU/100 mL | 46 | | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| E.coli | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 33 | | A | А | A |
| Total Coliform | Caro | CFU/100 MI | 46 | 1 ² | <1 | 1 | <1 |
| Total Coliform | GVW | MPN/100 mL | 33 | | A | A | A |
| Turbidity ¹ | GVW grab sample | NTU | 99 | | 0.24 | 1.70 | 0.61 |

¹Operation Guidelines: Free Chlorine >0.20 mg/L or <2.20 mg/L, Turbidity < 1 NTU.

²One sample had a total coliform count from Caro Analytical: Vernon Jubilee Hospital 1 CFU/100 mL. This site was resampled and came back <1 for Total Coliform and E.coli.

5. Customer Calls and Notifications

Customer calls within the GVW Service area are tracked and recorded. As of September, customer calls will include water quality inquiries, therefore the number of calls will increase. There were a total of 10 customer calls in March.

| NUMBER OF CALLS | TYPE OF CALL | ISSUE | INVESTIGATION | COMMENTS |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| 3 | inquiry | na | na | hardness of water any changes in the water quality |
| 3 | water quality | na | na | these were within strata's therefore the strata needs to flush |
| 1 | water quality | coloured water | na | one had an in home system therefore cross connection looking into this home; |
| 1 | water quality | coloured water | na | water cleared up over the weekend |
| 1 | water quality | musty water | yes | sampled; all parameters are within guidelines |
| 1 | water quality | taste | yes | sampled; all parameters are within guidelines |

6. Operational or Maintenance Activity

The annual water main flushing program will begin in May. There were 2 water main break in the GVW system in March.